Progression of skills, knowledge and concepts within the Art and Design Curriculum



Curriculum Intent for Art and Design

Through our art and design curriculum we intend to engage, inspire and challenge pupils and to equip them with the knowledge and skills to experiment, invent and create their own works of art, craft and design. As pupils progress through the curriculum we will encourage them to think critically and to develop a more rigorous understanding of art and design. They will also know how art and design both reflect and shape our history, and how it contributes to the culture, creativity and wealth of our nation.

Our curriculum intent for Art and Design is for all pupils to:

- •produce creative work, exploring their ideas and recording their experiences
- •become proficient in drawing, painting, sculpture and other art, craft and design techniques
- evaluate and analyse creative works using the language of art, craft and design
- •know about great artists, craft makers and designers, and understand the historical and cultural development of their art forms

Implementation

Art and design is taught as part of a half-termly topic, focusing on knowledge and skills stated in the National Curriculum. At Lady Bay we ensure that art and design is given the same importance as the core subjects, as we feel this is important in enabling all children to gain 'real-life' experiences.

Teachers use a variety of teaching and learning styles in art lessons that are matched to the activity and ability of pupils. The main aim of these lessons is to develop pupils' knowledge, skills and understanding using the progression of skills ladder to support their learning. The progression of skills document ensures the curriculum is covered and the skills/knowledge taught is progressing across the year groups.

We aim to ensure that all pupils:

- To have rigorous thorough exploration of artists, ideas and skills. Artists from different eras of studies throughout school to give our children a balanced knowledge and understanding of art concepts.
- An understanding of an artist's purpose and how they use the formal elements of art to communicate their ideas to the viewer.
- Throughout the year, artwork is celebrated using displays both in classrooms and in shared areas giving our children a sense of pride in their achievements.
- Understanding of the formal elements through experience with artistic conventions and experimentation.
- Individual sketchbooks are used for research, practising skills, final pieces of art and reflections. They show each child's art journey throughout school.

Art Progression of Skills

Please use this as a reference point when planning and teaching units of work, drawing on later or earlier skills to support and extend children.

<u>Drawing</u> pencil, wax, chalk, ink, pen, brushes									
FS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6			
Use a variety of drawing tools – e.g. finger, stick, pencil, coloured pencils, pastels, chalk.	Extend the variety of drawings tools to include charcoal and felt tips.	Sketch ideas- looking at perspective.	Experiment with the potential of charcoal to show tone, texture.	Identify and draw the effect of light (shadows) on a surface, on objects and people.	Produce accurate drawing of people. Produce increasingly	Produce increasingly detailed preparatory sketches for painting and other work.			
Use drawings to tell a story from retelling or	Explore different textures and experiment with mark - building on	Create drawings and comment thoughtfully, begin to discuss use of	Experiment with 2B-HB pencils.	Introduce the concepts of scale and proportion.	detailed preparatory sketches for painting.	Produce accurate drawin			
from imagination.	previous experience. Observe and draw	shadows, use of light and dark.	Encourage close observation of objects in both the natural and man-	Create more accurate drawings of whole people,	Look at the effect of light on an object from different directions.	of people. Introduce the concept o			
Explore different textures and experiment with mark making to	landscapes as accurately as possible, some small discussion of proportion	Observe and draw landscapes, thinking about	made world. Observe and draw simple	building on their work on facial features to include proportion, placement and	Use a variety of techniques to add	perspective. Independently selects			
illustrate these. Create mostly accurate	and where the sky is. Observe patterns in the	proportion.	shapes. Create initial sketches as	shape of body. Draw from different	interesting effects e.g. reflections, shadows.	materials and techniques to use to create a specificutcome.			
drawings of people that include all the visible parts of the body. (head,	natural and man-made world.	Sketch to make records of something.	a preparation for painting and other work.	perspectives and angles.	Use a choice of techniques to depict movement, perspective,	Look at the effect of light on an object from			
hands, fingers, where are they?)	Use a pencil to draw, shade and add details.		Create accurate drawings of people - particularly faces looking closely at		shadows and reflection.	different directions. Experiment with tone ar			
	Use charcoal to develop simple techniques.		where feature and the detail they have.			shade.			
Artist bumpy chalk curved straight lines feelings drawing thin thick light dark strong soft hard mark-making portrait observe	Horizontal vertical thick thin light dark shading tone broad narrow fine pattern line shape detail proportion optical art charcoal straight observe diagonal wavy shadow	thick thin soft broad narrow fine pattern line shape detail landscapes light dark comparison sketching perspective observe shadow proportion	tone features position boundary label line shape portrait charcoal tone texture shading observe shapes pressure composition scale	plan direction position form tone pressure portrait character perspectives angle light shadow scale proportion shape angle perspectives	viewpoint direction angle perspective subject portrait expression reflection shadow movement sketching reflections observe shading tone proportion	action balance direction dynamic imbalance movement perspective transition viewpoint sketching proportion lighdark shade			

Colour (hue, intensity, value, shade, tint)

FS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Experiencing and using primary colours predominantly - to ensure they know their names. Allow for experimentation of mixing, but no formal teaching of mixing colour to make new colours. Use a range of tools to make coloured marks on paper - glue sticks, sponges, brushes, fingers.	Know the names of all the colours. Introduce mixing of colours to make new colours. Find collections of colour - different sorts of green, blue, purple etc. Use language to evaluate - light/dark. Explore applying colour with a range of tools for enjoyment.	Describe colours by objects - 'raspberry pink, sunshine yellow' Create as many tones of one colour as possible using primary colours and white. Mix colours to match those of the natural world.	Extend exploring colour mixing. Introduce different types of brushes for specific purposes. Begin to apply colour imitating an artist.	Mix and match colours to those in a work of art. Work with one colour against a variety of backgrounds. Observe colours on hands and faces - mix flesh colours. Advise and question suitable equipment for the task e.g. size of paintbrush or paper needed.	Sketch before painting to combine line and colour. Create a colour palette. Use techniques to create texture. Consider colour for purpose. Identify suitable equipment for a particular purpose.	Consider colour for purposes. Encourage individual identification of suitable equipment for a particular purpose e.g. size of paintbrush or paper needed. Use colour to express moods and feelings. Combine colours and tones to enhance the mood. Explore the use of texture in colour.
Colour primary mix tools light bright dark shades swirl wet dab dot create design smooth rough splatter	Colours primary mix light dark blend shade hue pattern shape space	Primary secondary tone shade deep mix light dark colour descriptors hue pattern shape space	Primary secondary colour tone shade tint wash water colour background foreground technique	Foreground background mix colours shade tone tint deep technique brushes	Line colour sketch shade tone textured modern impressionist	Tone shade colour mood deep line modern express

FS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Handling, manipulating and enjoying using materials. Create a simple collages, using paper. Selects, sorts, tears and glues items down.	Build on skills of using various materials to make collages -using some smaller items.	Develop skills of overlapping and overlaying to create effects. Use a range of tools for shaping, mark making with clay.	Use colour to express an idea in weaving - seasons, moods, or create a picture - swamp, seascape. Awareness of the nature of materials and surfaces - fragile, tough, durable. Tie dying, batik - ways of colouring or patterning material.	Start to place more emphasis on observation and design of textual art. Add initial sketches to aid work. Experiment with creating mood, feeling, movement and areas of interest. Use a different range of mediums to create patterns to further enhance and improve their artwork.	Select and use materials to achieve a specific outcome. Embellish work, using a variety of techniques, including drawing, painting and printing on top of textural work. Work collaboratively.	Develops experience in texture to complete a piece -drawing, cutting, painting and layering. Applies knowledge of different techniques to express feelings. Explore the texture of paint. Work collaboratively on a larger scale.
Collage materials paper card fabric tear rip glue cut stick	Fabric collage colour weave shape	Collage fabric colour weave shape layers mark making	Weave tough durable fabric colours pattern shapes layers batik	Pattern design colours layers motif style texture	Pattern design colours layers motif style enhance embellish texture collaboratively	Layers manipulation colours texture cutting painting collaboratively

	<u>Fori</u>	n (two-dimensional	, three-dimensional,	sculpture, perspective	<u> </u>	
FS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Handling, feeling, manipulating materials. Shape and model from observation and imagination. Impress and apply simple decoration.	Use both hands and tools to build. Construct to represent personal ideas.	Shape and form from direct observation. Use a range of decorative techniques: applied, impressed, painted. Use a range of tools for shaping, mark making with clay.	Use the equipment with confidence. Shape, form, model and construct from observation. Use techniques to add pieces of clay together.	Experience surface patterns / textures. Shape, form, model and join with confidence-Modroc or papier mâché.	Use sketchbook to inform, plan and develop ideas. Shape, form, model and join with confidence-clay. Work directly from observation with confidence. Use techniques in detailed clay project. Discuss and evaluate own work and that of other sculptors in detail.	Makes imaginative use of the knowledge they have acquired of tools, techniques and materials to express own ideas and feelings.
Clay sculpture bend form fold assemble attach observe imagine impress apply hard smooth	Structure construct assemble model fold bend attach imagine artist	Structure form clay shape fold bend curve texture impress model assemble construct impress apply	Clay structure form bend curve observe texture two- dimensional three- dimensional model form observe impress apply	Papier mache form model join shape two-dimensional three- dimensional structure texture pattern	Clay form model shape join curve sculpture two-dimensional three- dimensional observe	Form structure shape imagine techniques express

FS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Make rubbings showing a range of textures and patterns- leaf rubbings.	Create patterns and pictures by printing from objects using more than one colour.	Use printmaking as a means of drawing	Use the equipment and media with increasing confidence.	Use sketchbook for recording textures/patterns.	Use a range of printing techniques. Produce patterned prints.	Build up layers of colours. Builds up drawings and
Take print from object: leaf and hand. Produce simple pictures by printing objects.	Develop impressed images with some added pencil or decorative detail. Use appropriate language to describe tools, process, etc.	Extends repeating patterns - overlapping, using two contrasting colours etc.	Use sketchbook for recording Discuss own work and that of other artists. Explore colour mixing through overlapping colour prints.	Use language appropriate to skill. Explore images and recreates texture through a selection of materials.	Design prints for a wallpaper. Discuss and evaluate the work of an artist and their own work.	images of whole or parts of items using various techniques. Recreates a scene through collage printing. Explore printing techniques used by various artists.
print rubbing patterns shapes leaves texture hand	print image reverse shapes surface pressure	Print layers contrast rotate contrast colour	Print layers colour manipulate media artist	Print pattern texture colour manipulate	Print pattern texture overlap pressure	Print layer image pressure technique rotate raised collage

$\underline{\textbf{Pattern}} \text{ (lines, curves length, width, strokes, direction)}$

FS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Imitate and create own simple repeating patterns using concrete objects, i.e. making an object train and photographing (buttons/stones/blocks), bead threading patterns Create simple symmetry - folding painted butterflies.	Demonstrate awareness and discussion of patterns around them - pattern hunt. Experiment creating repeating patterns on paper using drawing or printing of own design.	Experiment by arranging, folding, repeating, overlapping, regular and irregular patterning. Look at natural and manmade patterns and discuss.	Explore pattern in pictures and/or objects. Use the environment and other sources to make own patterns, printing, rubbing. Use sketchbooks to design own motif to repeat.	Consider different types of mark making to make patterns. Look at Klimt the creation of pattern and discuss effect. Use shape to create patterns. Form different shapes to create a complex pattern.	Organise own patterns. Use shape to create patterns. Look at artists creation of pattern. Create a pattern for a purpose. Consider use of pattern for purposes e.g. wallpaper, fabrics, book covers.	Use shape to create patterns. Create own abstract pattern. Creates pattern for a purpose. Look at various artists creation of pattern and discuss effect.
Pattern symmetry fold imitate create	Pattern print design observe create	Pattern print fold repeat overlap	Pattern print observe rubbing motif design	Pattern shape form Klimt create	Pattern fabric shape form construct	Pattern shape abstract form

<u>Artists</u>									
FS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6			
Zaha Hadid, Warhol.	Klee, Okuda	Lowry, Warhol, Wayne Thiebaud,	Judith Braun, 'The First Artists'	Klimt, Modigliani, David Hockney	Henry Moore, William Morris	Banksy, Bridget Riley			

Knowledge	By the end of Year	By the end of Year	By the end of Year	By the end of Year	By the end of Year	By the end of Year	By the end of Year
and	EYFS pupils will	1 pupils will know:	2 pupils will know:	3 pupils will know:	4 pupils will know:	5 pupils will know:	6 pupils will know:
	know:	How to recognise	 Different forms 	 Describe the work 	 About and 	Research and	 How to describe,
Understanding	Describe some of	and describe some	of creative works	of some artists,	describe some of	discuss the ideas	interpret and
	the techniques	simple	are made by artists,	crafts people,	the key ideas,	and approaches of	explain the work,
	used within art-	characteristics of	crafts people and	architects and	techniques and	various artists,	ideas and working
	painting, drawing.	different kinds of	designers, from all	designers	working practices of	crafts people,	practices of some
	 About different 	art, craft and	cultures and times	(knowledge of art,	a variety of artists,	designers and	significant artists,
	artists and the	design	■ Be able to talk	cultural context	craftspeople,	architects, taking	crafts people,
	style of artwork	The names of	about the materials,	etc)	architects and	account of their	designers and
	they produce.	tools, techniques	techniques and	 Able to explain 	designers that they	particular cultural	architects, taking
	■ How art makes	and the formal	processes they have	how to use some of	have studied	context and	account of the
	them feel.	elements (colour,	used, using	the tools and	(knowledge of art,	intentions	influence of the
		shape & form, tone,	appropriate	techniques they	cultural context	 How to describe 	different historical,
		line, pattern).	vocabulary (knowing	have chosen to work	etc)	the processes they	cultural and social
			the names of the	with (Knowledge of	Able to	are using and how	contexts in which
			colours and tools	media, processes,	demonstrate how	they hope to	they worked
			that they use).	techniques etc).	tools they have	achieve high quality	 About the
			, .	, ,	chosen to work	outcomes.	technical vocabulary
					with, should be used		and techniques for
					effectively and with		modifying the
					safety (knowledge		qualities of
					of media, processes,		different materials
					techniques etc).		and processes.

Assessment

By end of EYFS

- Drawing Pupils should be able to draw basic lines, circles, squares, x shapes and triangles and construct more complex forms using these, e.g. flowers, people, animals.
- Painting Pupils should have had experience of painting. They should know how to hold a paintbrush comfortably, be able to mix and apply basic colours to make secondary colours. They should have experienced painting lines, dots, patterns and shapes.
- Media They should have experienced a range of craft activities such as modelling with clay, cutting with scissors, simple printing and creating things using fabrics and textures.
- Ideas Pupils should have made art from observation and using their imagination.
- · Knowledge Pupils should have seen the work of significant artists and discussed their personal opinions of them.
- · Evaluation They should have talked about how art makes them feel.

By end of KS1

- Drawing Pupils should be able to draw basic lines and shapes with increasing confidence to create more complex forms. They should have drawn and made marks using a range of media and surfaces, drawn from observation and imagination and developed their ability to shade and colour neatly & evenly.
- Painting there should be an increased ability to control brushes and paint. They should have used different paints to be able to mix primary & secondary colours confidently.
- Media there should be a well-developed ability to apply formal elements in their work using drawing, painting, craft and mixed media. Pupils should have designed & experienced craft processes such as cutting, clay and collage.
- Ideas Should understand how to develop ideas over time. Express ideas about things they want to make. Use imagination to invent and create. Select aspects of significant art to incorporate in own work.
- · Knowledge Learn how artists use formal elements in work to create effects, ideas and feelings. Study significant works of art.
- · Evaluation Identify similarities and differences in own and others work. Make choices and decisions.

By end of lower KS2

- Drawing Further developed skills in drawing using 2D and 3D shapes, becoming aware of proportion, scale and order of drawn forms. Develop shading using a range of media. Learned sketching techniques, mark making and drawing in different media. Draw for different purposes and reasons.
- Painting Increasing control using different painting techniques, painting on different surfaces exploring textures, pattern, colour, line, shape and form. Create ideas, thoughts, moods and feelings through paint.
- · Media Design & make for purpose, experience a range of craft mediums such as collage, embroidery, sewing, weaving, felt. Created 3D sculptures and forms in a range of materials.
- Ideas Have used sketchbooks to record observations, thoughts, ideas, research & explore. Used art to express ideas & feelings, made art for pleasure and to develop ideas.
- · Knowledge Given opinions of art using a more complex vocabulary related to the formal elements of art. Studied how significant artists work both in the past and today.
- · Evaluation Used evaluation in the classroom to understand what they need to do to improve. Learned how to advise others and receive constructive criticism.

Upon leaving KS2

- Pupils should be able to draw complex forms using 2D and 3D shapes to help them. They should have a grasp of perspective and learned how to model forms using shading, light and tone. They should have drawn using a range of mark making techniques in a range of media, making their own choices and decisions when drawing. There should be an awareness of different styles of drawing for different purposes and reasons.
- Painting Pupils should paint with greater confidence and control, understanding how to mix and blend primary & secondary colours, create tone and textures and apply paint sensitively for purpose. They understand how to use and apply the formal elements when painting.
- Media Pupils should have designed and made art for different purposes. They should have explored craft techniques and developed their skill in cutting, joining and forming when working in a range of craft materials. They will have developed their printing ability by printing geometric patterns, made 3D sculptures, and created digital art using photography and editing apps.
- Ideas Pupils will be familiar with using a sketchbook to record thoughts, ideas, feelings, research, investigations and explorations in media. They will be more confident at taking risks, working independently and mistake making. They will have worked from their imagination, from observation and used art to express their thoughts and feelings.
- Knowledge Pupils will have studied significant art in some. They will know the content, process, form, mood technique of deconstructing art. They will be aware of the different purposes of art in society and as a creative occupation.
- · Evaluation Pupils will be sensitive to the inner difficulty of the creative process and be able to use discussion and feedback to build confidence in themselves and others.