

Anglo-Saxons and Vikings -History

Key Vocabulary

Anglo-Saxon	The main group of people living in Britain when the Vikings invaded.
Viking	A person belonging to a race of Scandinavian people who travelled by sea and attacked parts of northern and southern Europe between the 8th and the 11th centuries, often staying to live in places they travelled to.
Settlement	A place where people have come to live and built homes.
Migrate	Movement of people.
Raid	A surprise attack.
Lindisfarne	Island off the coast of Northumberland, North England. The attack by the Vikings marked the beginning of the Viking age in Europe.
Equidistant	Distances between that point and each object in the set are equal.
Danelaw	The area in Britain that the Danish Vikings ruled over.
Alfred the Great	Alfred did a lot of great things for England including defeating the Vikings in several battles and keeping part of England under Anglo-Saxon rule.

Timeline

- AD 700-** The Viking Age begins.
- AD 793-** First invasion to Britain raiding monasteries on the coast, including Lindisfarne.
- AD 866-** Danes capture York (which the Vikings called Jorvik) and make it their kingdom.
- AD 876-** Vikings settle permanently in Britain.
- AD 886-** King Alfred defeats the Vikings but allows them to settle in Eastern England.
- AD 1001-** Vikings land in America and establish a settlement.
- AD 1014-** King Canute of Denmark becomes King of England.
- AD 1066-** Battle of Hastings take place and William the conqueror is crowned King.
- AD 1100-** End of the Viking age.

Flags of Scandinavia



Norway



Sweden



Denmark

